GreenBIM Program National Museum of Marine Science and Technology(NMMST)

International Climate Development Institute(ICDI)

Abstract



- Building Maintenance is one of the largest energy consumption during the building life cycle. In order to apply energy saving by using dependable weather information from building design to maintenance, we establish a website platform for GreenBIM project to help the architect to access the local weather data when they simulate building energy consumption. But there is more, we also get to help the NMMST to plan their energy saving as a demonstration case.
- ICDI is able to cooperate with Central Weather Bureau and National Building Centre to execute this program with the DELTA company's support.









Demolishing Stage Decoration Stage

Operation Maintenance

> Building Logistics

> > Construction Stage

Planning Stage

Weather Analysis

Building Life Cycle

> Weather Forecast

Product Manufacture Concept Design

> Detail Design

Energy Analysis

Document Manufacture



Demonstration Case: NMMST



Introducing NMMST:

- NMMST National Museum of Marine Science and Technology, its total area around 48 ha and is located at the eastside of Keelung, next to the Badouzi Bay.
- Sensors in/outside the museum: Micro-weather stations outside the museum \rightarrow 3 units Sensors inside the museum \rightarrow 11 units
- Cooling Unit for Museum: 500 tons water chiller unit \rightarrow 2 units 200 tons water chiller unit $\rightarrow 1$ units



Ways for energy saving



Using the method of precooling to decrease the power consumption and peak demand at noon



Adjust daily cooling schedule to decrease unnecessary power waste by using daily forecast

Results

- Due to high temperature in summer, the air conditioner is turned on earlier to help decrease power consumption in peak hour. For example, in July and August, the maximum load demand decreases after adjusting the cooling schedule. The penalty charge decreased almost 20% after adjusting the cooling schedule.
- If the season temperature changes a lot, the efficiency of adjusting cooling schedule will be more improved. In October for an example ,since the late October has colder temperatures , we can decrease 31% for power consumption and decrease 30% for the charge.

Demonstration Case: NMMST



| Items | July (Normally) | August (Adjusted) | Ratio |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| Days | 31 | 30 | |
| Power Consumption | Power Consumption (degree) | Power Consumption (degree) | |
| Off Peak(degree) | 155800 | 183800 | |
| On Peak(degree) | 431600 | 398400 | ▼8% |
| Total(degree) | 587400 | 612200 | |
| Highest(degree) | 1755 | 1729 | |
| Maximum load demand(kwh) | 1784 | 1756 | |
| Charge | Charge(NTD) | Charge(NTD) | |
| Monthly Charges | 2,017,769 | 2,005,775 | |
| Penalty Charges(NTD) | 87651.2 | 69763.2 | ▼ 20% |
| Monthly Visitors | 39937 | 43544 | |
| Average Charges(NTD/man) | 50.52 | 46.06 | ▼9% |
| Average Consumption (Degree/man) | 14.71 | 14.06 | ▼5% |

Contract Capacity: 1,600kW

| Monthly Highest Demand(kWh) | Jul | Aug | Ratio |
|--------------------------------|------|------|--------------|
| 1600-1760kWh(Day) | 8 | 10 | |
| Amount above 1600(kWh) | 792 | 614 | ▼ 22% |
| 1760kWh above(Day) | 2 | 0 | |
| Amount above 1760(kWh) | 37 | 0 | |
| Power Rate(kW/ 15mins) | Jul | Aug | Ratio |
| 1600-1760kW(Times) | 108 | 91 | ▼ 16% |
| Amount above 1600(kW) | 8263 | 5152 | ▼38% |
| 1760kW以上(Times) | 3 | 0 | |
| Amount above 1760(kW) | 45 | 0 | |

On peak(degree) decreased about 8% in August and penalty charge also decreased about 20%. The amount of monthly highest demand that above 1600 also decreased almost 22% compared to July.



GreenBIM Website: http://www.weatherservice.org.tw/

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